

Curriculum Vitae

Raja M. Almarzoqi Albqami, Ph.D

Current Position

Advisor, Middle East and Central Asia Department, IMF and Mission Chief for Azerbaijan

Previous Positions

- **Academic**
Guest Speaker, MIT Sloan School of Management (ongoing), Associate Professor, Economics, Institute of Diplomatic Studies, Riyadh (2001–Jan 2012), Director of Center for Asian Studies, Institute of Diplomatic Studies, Riyadh (2008–10), Adjunct Professor, Thunderbird School of Global Management (2009–11), and Adjunct Professor, Business School, King Saud University (2008–Jan 2012)
- **Public Sector**
Minister Plenipotentiary, Chairman of Monetary Union Unit, the Cooperation Council for the Arab States of the Gulf (2005–08), Board Member, National Fund (established by King Abdullah bin Abdualaziz) (2003–10), Founder and Member of Advisory Board, Prince Sultan Bin Abdul-Aziz Fund to Support Entrepreneur Women (2009), and General Director, Department of Research and Studies, Ministry of Economic and Planning (2001–02)
- **Private Sector**
Consultant to a number of companies and organizations, including the World Bank, the Royal Commission for Industrial Cities, ARAMCO, and EuroPraxis Consulting (Spain) (1999–Jan 2012)
- **Chief Economist**, Alkhabeer Capital in Saudi Arabia and Bahrain (2011–Jan 2012), and Independent Director, REIT Fund, IPO Fund, Emar Fund, and Medad Real State Fund (2009–Feb 2012)
- **Committee**: Member of a number of committees, including Monetary Union Committee, GCC, Supervision and Monitoring Banks in GCC, Payment System in Banks, GCC, and Editorial Committee, Journal of International Studies (2001–Jan 2012)

Education

- Ph.D., Department of Economics and Department of Finance (Joint Degree), Oklahoma State University, 2000
- M.A. in Applied Economics, Emphasis in Econometrics, University of Michigan, 1995
- B.A. in Economics, King Saud University, 1990

Research

Extensive list of publications, covering macroeconomic policy, energy, financial markets, integration of financial and real sectors, exchange rate, monetary union, privatization, and monetary and fiscal policy for oil producing countries.